GOODのにほんご しよきゆう I Lesson

たんご Pulong



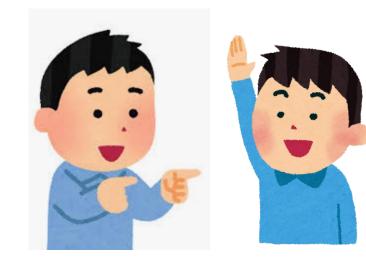
わたし

Watasi



わたし

I / Ako



あなた

Anata





あなた

You / Ikaw



あのひと







あのひと



さん

San

さん

Mr. Miss/Si **not used for oneself

「~さん」

「~さん」is used with respect. Like Mr. Ms.「~さん」is not used for indicating oneself.



「~さん」

「~さん」is used with respect. Like Mr. Ms.「~さん」is not used for indicating oneself.

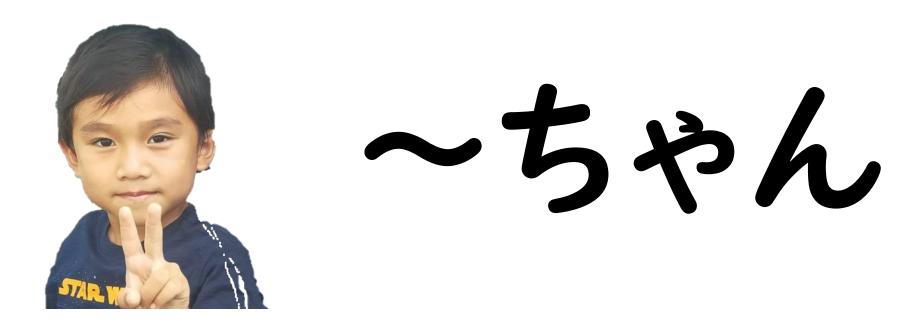






っちゃん

Tyan

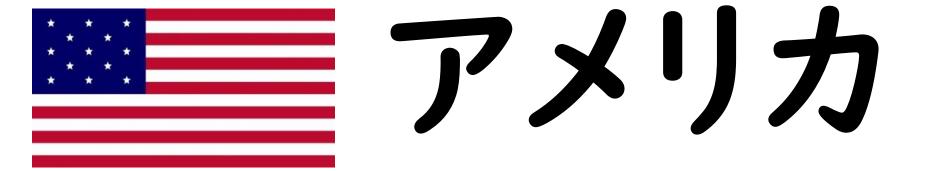


Suffix for children.

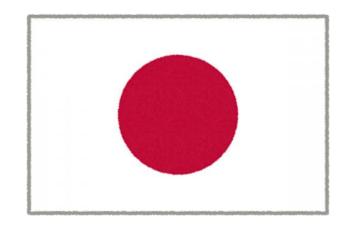


フィリピン

Philippine



America / USA

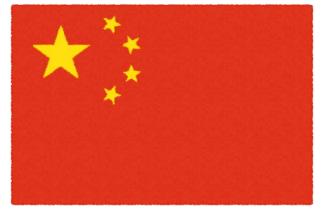


にほん

Nihon 日本 ※use Kanji

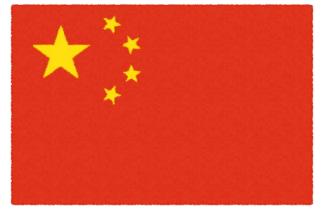
にほん

Japan



ちゅうごく

Tyuu Goku 中国 ※use Kanji



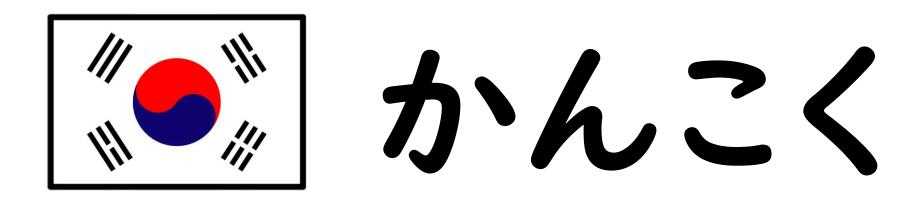
ちゅうごく

China

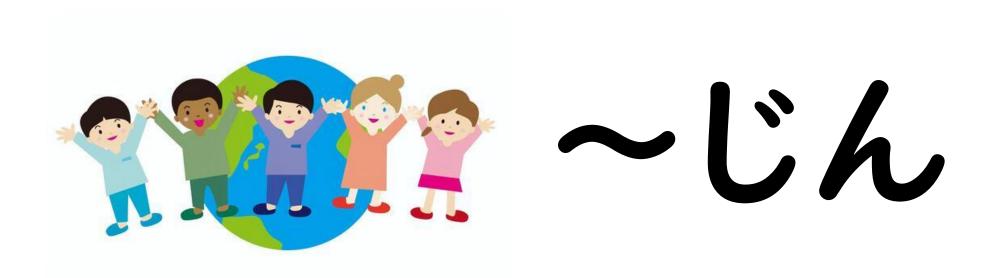


かんこく

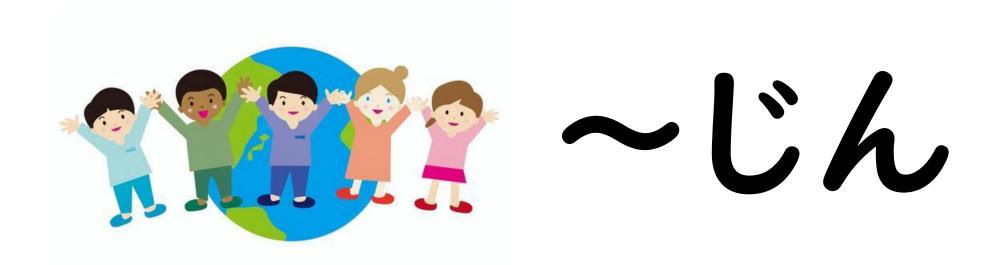
Kan Koku 韓国 **%use Kanji**



South Korea



~jin



%Suffix of nationality



フィリピンじん

Philippine Jin



にほんじん

Nihon Jin



アメリカじん

America Jin



sigoto



Job / Torabaho

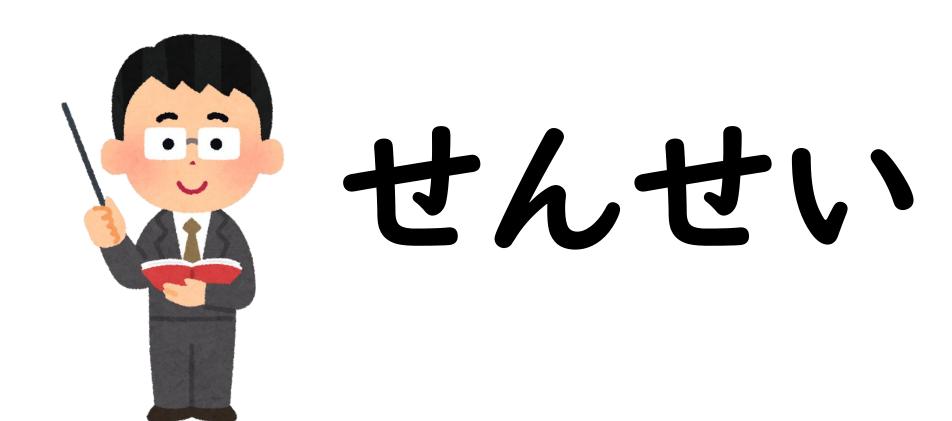


せんせい

Sensei



Teacher / Magtutudlo



Not used when referring to own job.



きょうし

Kyousi



きょうし

Teacher / Magtutudlo



きょうし

used when referring to own job.



Isha



Doctor / Doktor



かんごし

Kango si



nurse / nars



Byouin



Hospital / Ospital

だれ

Dare

だれ

Who / Kinsa

と、なた

Donata

と、なた

Who / Kinsa (**polite way)

ーさい

Sai

-311

Age / Edad



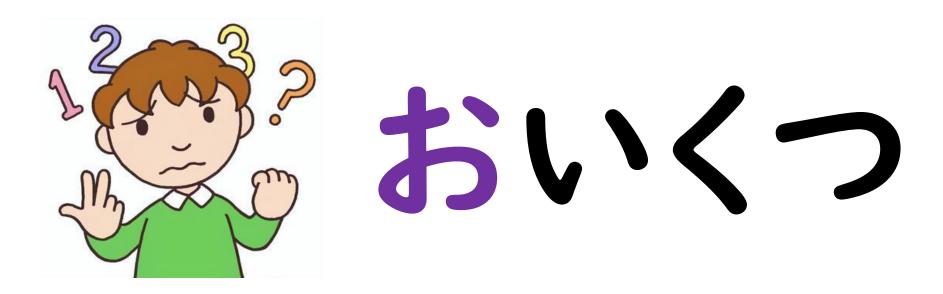
なんさい

Nan Sai



なんさい

How old? / Pila edad?

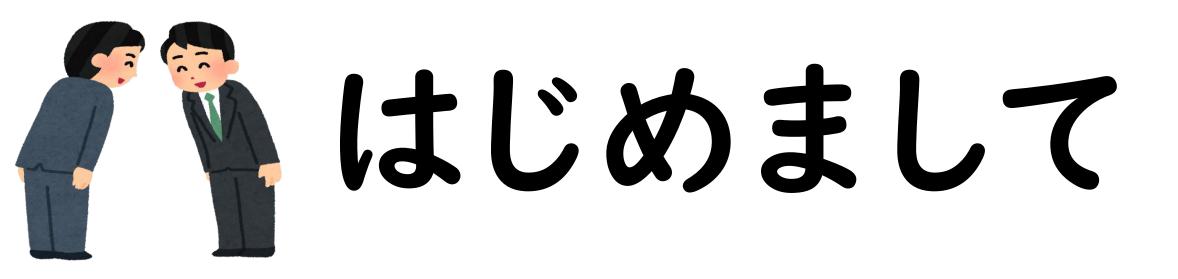


Oikutu

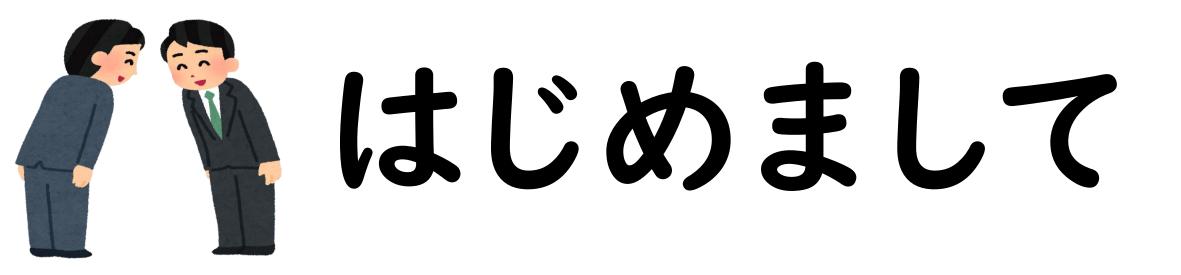


How old? / Pila edad?

(polite way to speech)



Hajime Masite



Nice to meet you.

Nalipay ko nga nakigkita nimo

~からきました。



~からきました。

Come from~ / Gikan ko



はし、

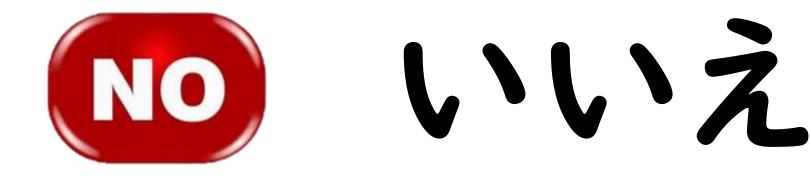
Hai



Yes / Oo



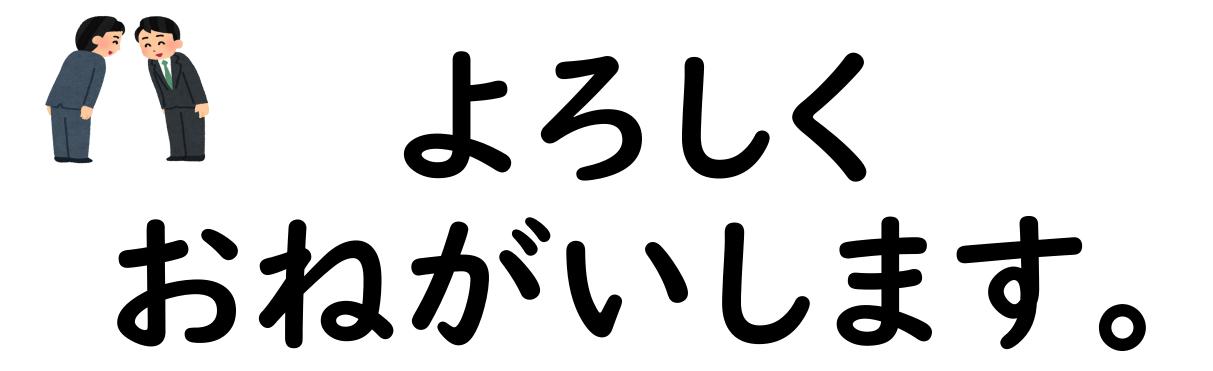
iie



No / Dili

よろしく おねがいします。

Yorosiku Onegai Simasu



Be nice to me.

*be used at first time meeting.

よろしく おねがいします。

Be used at the end of self-introduction

しつれいてずか。

Siturei Desu ga

しつれいて、すか。

Excuse me. Pasayloa ko pero.

おなまえは土

ONamae wa

おなまえは土

May I have your name? Unsa imong ngalan? *\stract{\partial}{\part



「~\d」Particle

1.「は」indicates that the Noun before

「lt」 is the Topic of the sentence.

「~は」Particle

2. Particle 「は」indicates

what speaker wants to talk.

「は」Particle

3. Write down「は」:ha

but Read「わ」:wa



「~か」Particle

「~か」makes question sentence. (Pangutana)

It means uncertainly doubt and question. Question usually ends with rising intonation.

00000001%, 1

~Desu

「~です」Particle

「~です」works as predicates sentence.

Like 「A is B」

It means judgment and assertion.

It shows politeness towards the listener.

0000000ct.

「だれ」=「どなた」

「だれ/どなた」=Who

interrogative adverb=Pangutana adverb

「だれ/どなた」work as interrogative adverb.

「だれ/どなた」mean Who.

「だれ」is used for friendly situation.

「どなた」shows politeness towards the person.

おおりり

End

Let's go to contents of lesson I